## Stats: Cumulative Binomial Notes NEW

We can find probabilities like P (X  $\leq$  3) on a calculator. Note this for fx-991CW Classwiz calculators:

**Limitation:** The Casio fx-991CW Classwiz can only calculate P ( $X \le x$ ).

To find the probability of P (X  $\ge$  x), we work out 1 – the correct P (X  $\le$  x).

**E1:** John wins tennis matches with probability 0.3. He plays 20 tennis matches in a month. Find the probability that he wins 4 or fewer of the matches.

**Method** The distribution is  $X \sim B$  (20, 0.3). The probability required is P (X  $\leq$  4).

Casio fx-991CW Classwiz	Casio fx-CG50
1) Select Distribution on the HOME menu	1) Select Statistics 2 from the menu
2) Select Binomial CD	2) Press F5 for DIST and F5 again for Binomial
3) Select 2:Variable	3) Press F2 for Bcd and F2 for Var
4) Input x, N and p [N is the number of trials]	4) Input Lower, Upper, Numtrial and p [Lower: smallest
	value to be included] [Upper: largest value to be
	included] [Numtrial: number of trials]
5) Select • Execute and press EXE	5) Press EXE
6) Press EXE to return to the input section	6) Press EXIT to return to the input section

Casio fx-CG50 users input 'Lower' as 0, 'Upper' as 4, 'Numtrial' as 20 and 'p' as 0.3.

We get 0.238 to 3sf.

- **E2:** Zakira makes a spinner that lands on red with probability 0.4. She spins it ten times. Find the probability that it lands on red fewer than 6 times.
- **Method** X~B (10, 0.4). The probability required is: P (X < 6). As the variable is discrete, this is the same as P (X  $\leq$  5).

We get 0.834 to 3sf.

**E3:** A machine produces oversized components with probability 0.25. A sample of 15 components is taken. Find the probability that more than 7 of them are oversized.

**Method** So  $X \sim B$  (15, 0.25). Then form the probability: P (X > 7).

This is not of the form "P (X  $\leq$  x)". Rewrite the probability as P (X  $\geq$  8).

- Casio fx-CG50 owners input 'Lower' as 8, 'Upper' as 15, and Numtrial and p as usual. We get 0.0173
- Casio fx-991CW Classwiz owners must find the probability of X being below 8 and subtract it from 1.
  For X to be below 8, it must be 7 or less. So find P (X ≤ 7) and subtract it from 1.
  To subtract from 1, press HOME, select Calculate, and type 1 Ans.
  We get 1 0.9827 = 0.0173.